

#1

Kaylee has \$14 in a savings account. The interest rate is 10% per year and is not compounded. How much interest will she earn in 5 years? Use formula $i = p * r * t$, where i is the interest earned, p is the principal (starting amount), r is the interest rate expressed as a decimal, and t is the time in years.

\$

Show your work

#2

Jacob has \$12 in a savings account. The interest rate is 20% per year and is not compounded. How much interest will he earn in 3 years? Use formula $i = p * r * t$, where i is the interest earned, p is the principal (starting amount), r is the interest rate expressed as a decimal, and t is the time in years.

\$

Show your work

#3

Mason has \$7 in a savings account. The interest rate is 10% per year and is not compounded. How much interest will he earn in 3 years? Use formula $i = p * r * t$, where i is the interest earned, p is the principal (starting amount), r is the interest rate expressed as a decimal, and t is the time in years.

\$

Show your work

#4

Choose the best answer

Caleb has \$6 in a savings account. The interest rate is 10% per year and is not compounded. How much will he have in 4 years? Use formula $i = p \cdot r \cdot t$, where i is the interest earned, p is the principal (starting amount), r is the interest rate expressed as a decimal, and t is the time in years.

☐ \$10.30☐ \$9.20☐ \$8.40☐ \$9.30

Show your work

#5

Jacob has \$13 in a savings account. The interest rate is 5% per year and is not compounded. How much interest will he earn in 4 years? Use formula $i = p \cdot r \cdot t$, where i is the interest earned, p is the principal (starting amount), r is the interest rate expressed as a decimal, and t is the time in years.

\$

Show your work

#6

Choose the best answer

Anna has \$8 in a savings account. The interest rate is 5% per year and is not compounded. How much interest will she earn in 1 year? Use formula $i = p \cdot r \cdot t$, where i is the interest earned, p is the principal (starting amount), r is the interest rate expressed as a decimal, and t is the time in years.

☐ \$3.40☐ \$0.40☐ \$2.40☐ \$0.30

Show your work

#7

Mia has \$15 in a savings account. The interest rate is 5% per year and is not compounded. How much will she have in 4 years? Use formula $i = p * r * t$, where i is the interest earned, p is the principal (starting amount), r is the interest rate expressed as a decimal, and t is the time in years.

\$

Show your work

#8

Choose the best answer

Noah has \$13 in a savings account. The interest rate is 10% per year and is not compounded. How much interest will he earn in 1 year? Use formula $i = p * r * t$, where i is the interest earned, p is the principal (starting amount), r is the interest rate expressed as a decimal, and t is the time in years.

- ☐ \$0.90
 ☐ \$1.50
 ☐ \$1.40
 ☐ \$1.30

Show your work

#9

Isabelle has \$3 in a savings account. The interest rate is 15% per year and is not compounded. How much interest will she earn in 5 years? Use formula $i = p * r * t$, where i is the interest earned, p is the principal (starting amount), r is the interest rate expressed as a decimal, and t is the time in years.

\$

Show your work

#10

Choose the best answer

Kaylee has \$19 in a savings account. The interest rate is 5% per year and is not compounded. How much will she have in 4 years? Use formula $i = p * r * t$, where i is the interest earned, p is the principal (starting amount), r is the interest rate expressed as a decimal, and t is the time in years.

- ☐ \$29.60
 ☐ \$22.80
☐ \$18.10
 ☐ \$16.50

Show your work

#11

Andrew has \$5 in a savings account. The interest rate is 15% per year and is not compounded. How much interest will he earn in 1 year? Use formula $i = p * r * t$, where i is the interest earned, p is the principal (starting amount), r is the interest rate expressed as a decimal, and t is the time in years.

\$

Show your work

#12

William has \$4 in a savings account. The interest rate is 15% per year and is not compounded. How much will he have in 1 year? Use formula $i = p * r * t$, where i is the interest earned, p is the principal (starting amount), r is the interest rate expressed as a decimal, and t is the time in years.

\$

Show your work

Question	Answer
#1	7.00
#2	7.20
#3	2.10
#4	choice 3
#5	2.60
#6	choice 2
#7	18.00
#8	choice 4
#9	2.25
#10	choice 2
#11	0.75
#12	4.60